

p. 210

24 $y = (x-2)^2 + 5$

26 $y = -\frac{1}{2}(x+4)^2 + 2$

30 reflect x-axis,
stretch factor 2,
left 1, up 132 reflect x-axis,
left 4, up 534 shrink factor $\frac{1}{5}$
right 12, down 3

38 $y = -\frac{1}{2}(x+3)^2 + 6$

40 $y = 8(x - \frac{1}{4})^2 - \frac{3}{2}$

40 vertex $(\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{3}{2})$ (h, k) point $(1, 3)$ (x_0, y_0)

general vertex form

vertex form: $y = a(x-h)^2 + k$

$$3 = a(1 - \frac{1}{4})^2 + (-\frac{3}{2})$$

$$3 = a(\frac{3}{4})^2 - \frac{3}{2}$$

$$3 = a(\frac{9}{16}) - \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{6}{2} + \frac{3}{2} = \frac{9}{16}a$$

$$\frac{9}{2} = \frac{9}{16}a$$

$$\frac{16}{9} \cdot \frac{9}{2} = a$$

$$8 = a$$

particular
vertex
form

$$y = 8(x - \frac{1}{4})^2 - \frac{3}{2}$$

topic: standard form
of quadratic
function

Same as
vertex form -
stretch/shrink; if negative,
reflect x-axis

$$y = \underline{a}x^2 + \underline{b}x + c$$

x-value of
vertex (h):

y-intercept

$$h = -\frac{b}{2a}$$

k is output,
y, when $x=h$

Example: p. 215 # 8
sketch the graph.

particular ID vertex, axis of symm,
min/max, range

$$\rightarrow y = 3x^2 - 4x - 2$$

general $\rightarrow y = ax^2 + bx + c$
 $k = ah^2 + bh + c$
 $a = 3 \quad b = -4 \quad c = -2$

1) find vertex

$$h = -\frac{b}{2a} = -\frac{-4}{2 \cdot 3} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$k = 3\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 - 4\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) - 2$$

$$= 3\left(\frac{4}{9}\right) - \frac{8}{3} - 2$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} - \frac{8}{3} - \frac{6}{3}$$

$$k = -\frac{10}{3}$$

vertex: $\left(\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{10}{3}\right)$

axis symm:
 $x = \frac{2}{3}$

$$\text{min} = -\frac{10}{3}$$

$$\text{Range: } y \geq -\frac{10}{3}$$

sketch of # 8

