

implicit differentiation:  
 diff. both sides with  
respect to some  
 variable - usually  
 $x$

all other variables -  
 especially  $y$  - have  
 the role of an  
 "inside function".

$$\#1 \quad x^2 y + x y^2 = 6$$

$$u = x^2 \\ u' = 2x$$

$$v = y \\ v' = \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$u = x \\ u' = 1$$

$$v = y^2 \\ v' = 2y \cdot \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$2xy + x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + y^2 + 2xy \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (x^2 + 2xy) = -2xy - y^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-2xy - y^2}{2xy + x^2}$$

$$\#2 \quad x^3 + y^3 = 18xy \quad \begin{array}{l} u = x \quad v = y \\ u' = 1 \quad v' = \frac{dy}{dx} \end{array}$$

$$3x^2 + 3y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} = 18 \cdot \left( y + x \frac{dy}{dx} \right)$$

$$3x^2 + 3y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} = 18y + 18x \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (3y^2 - 18x) = 18y - 3x^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{18y - 3x^2}{3y^2 - 18x}$$

$$= - \frac{3x^2 - 18y}{3y^2 - 18x}$$

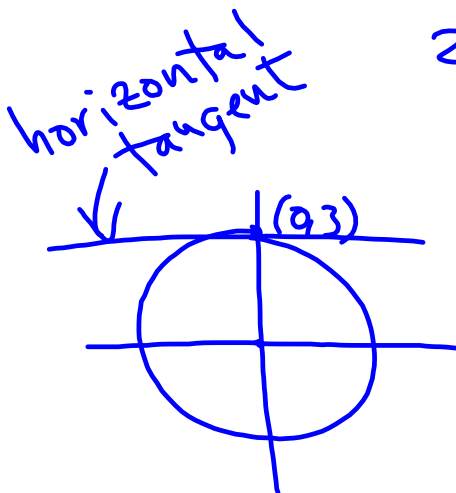
$$\#10 \quad x^2 + y^2 = 9$$

slope at (0, 3)

$$2x + 2y \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$2y \frac{dy}{dx} = -2x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = - \frac{x}{y} \Big|_{(0,3)} = 0$$



#16 finding where slope  
is defined.  $\uparrow$  conditions  $x \neq y$   $\uparrow$  derivative

$$x^2 + 4xy + 4y^2 - 3x = 6$$

$$2x + 4(y + x \frac{dy}{dx}) + 8y \frac{dy}{dx} - 3 = 0$$

$$2x + 4y + 4x \frac{dy}{dx} + 8y \frac{dy}{dx} = 3$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (4x + 8y) = 3 - 2x - 4y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3 - 2x - 4y}{4x + 8y}$$

Q: When is  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  not  
defined?

$$4x + 8y = 0$$

$$\cancel{4}(x + 2y) = 0$$

$$x = -2y$$

$\therefore$  Slope is defined.

$$x \neq -2y$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} (x^2)$$

$$= 2x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} (y^2)$$

$$= 2y \cdot \frac{dy}{dx}$$