

calculator part

$$\# 2 \quad f(7.05) - f(7) = \Delta f$$

$$df = f'(7) \cdot .05$$

$$\# 3 \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{x} \quad f'(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\left| \underbrace{(f(3.4) - f(3))}_{\Delta f} - \underbrace{(f'(3) \cdot .04)}_{df} \right|$$

$$\# 4 \quad \frac{dr}{dt} = 6 \quad \frac{dh}{dt} = -3$$

want: $\frac{dV}{dt}$ when $r=5, h=11$

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \pi \left(2rh \frac{dr}{dt} + r^2 \frac{dh}{dt} \right)$$

$$= \pi (2 \cdot 5 \cdot 11 \cdot 6 + 25 \cdot -3)$$

$$= 585\pi$$

$$\#6 \quad y = 4 \sin(0.2x) - 4 \cos(0.3x)$$

$$0 \leq x \leq 9$$

$$y' = 0.8 \cos(0.2x) + 1.2 \sin(0.3x)$$

$$\frac{y(9) - y(0)}{9 - 0} = y' \Big|_{x=c}$$

Non-calculator

$$\#1 \quad f'(x) = 6x^3 + 7x^2 - 20x$$

$$= x(6x^2 + 7x - 20)$$

$$= x(3x - 4)(2x + 5)$$

$$x = 0 \quad x = \frac{4}{3} \quad x = -\frac{5}{2}$$

$$\# 2 \quad x + \frac{27}{x} \quad [3, 9]$$

$$f(9) = 12$$

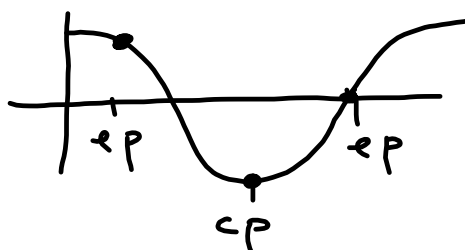
$$f(3) = 12 \quad f'(c) = 0$$

$$f'(x) = 1 - \frac{27}{x^2}$$

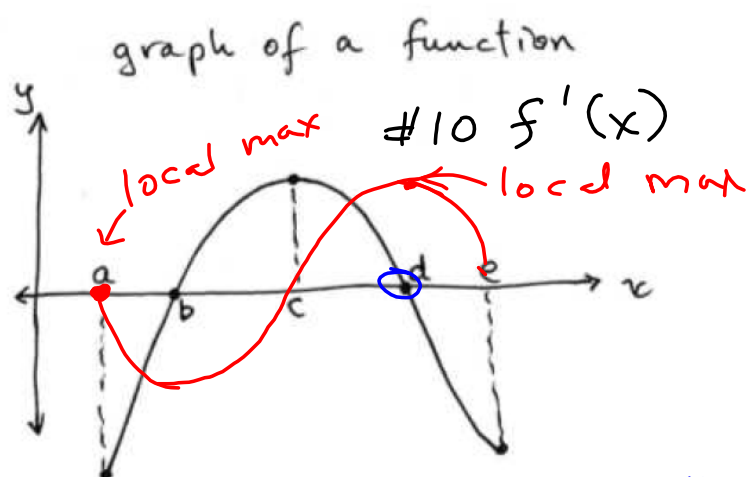
3 sign y'

+	-	+
-7	-3	
c.p	c.p	

7



$$\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$



local max: point where y value is greater than that of other points in the neighborhood